

Aggregate Resource Mapping Program

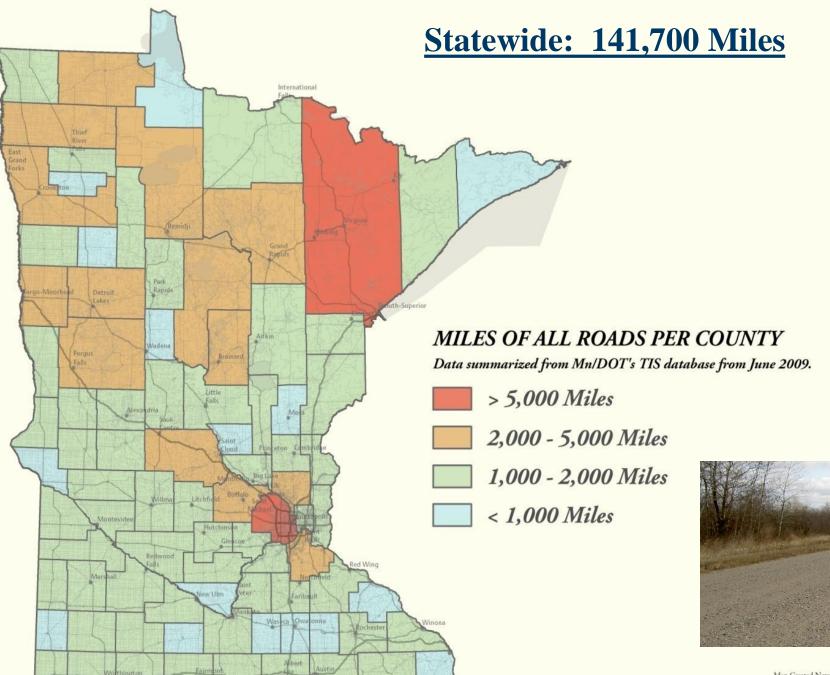
Heather Arends – Mineral Potential Section Manager

Minnesotans Rely on Aggregate

- Each American uses about 10 tons of aggregates every year.
- 50% of all aggregates consumed in MN are on publicly-funded projects.







MILES OF ALL ROADS IN MINNESOTA BY COUNTY



Map Created Novem Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, Division of Lands and Minerals, Director N

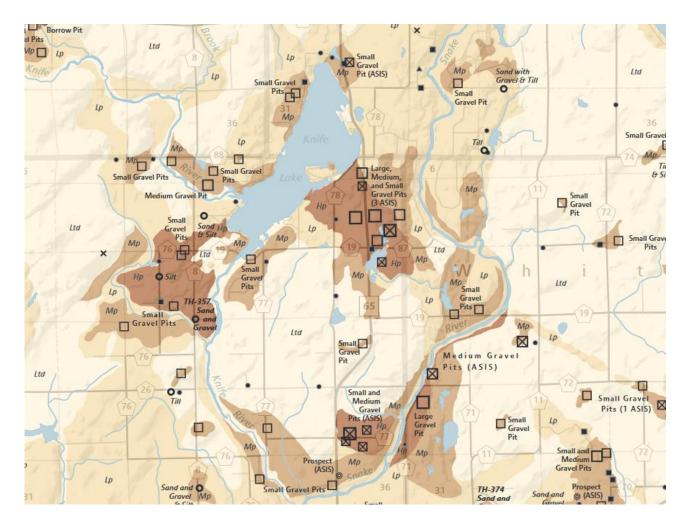
Establishment of the Aggregate Mapping Program

• The program was legislated in 1984 (Minn. Statute § 84.94).

"DNR....shall conduct a program of identification and classification of aggregate resources of potentially valuable publicly or privately owned aggregate lands located outside of urban or developed areas where aggregate mining is restricted, without consideration of their present land use. The program shall give priority to identification and classification in areas of the state where urbanization of other factors are or may be resulting in a loss of aggregate resource to development."

Information that is provide to LGUs

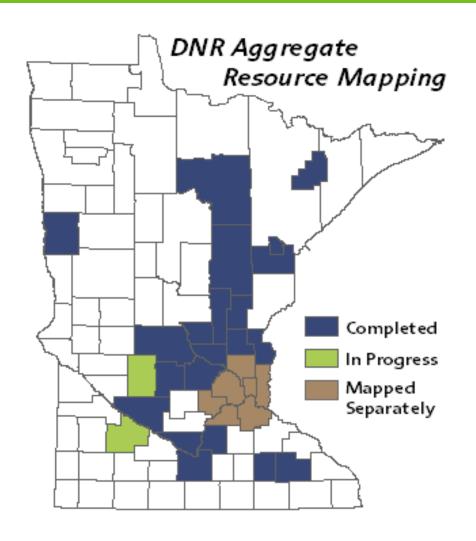
- An assessment of aggregate potential
 - High, Moderate, Low, Limited
- A complete survey of all gravel pits
- Drilling and observational data
- Technical assistance
- All data is publicly available



Technical Assistance

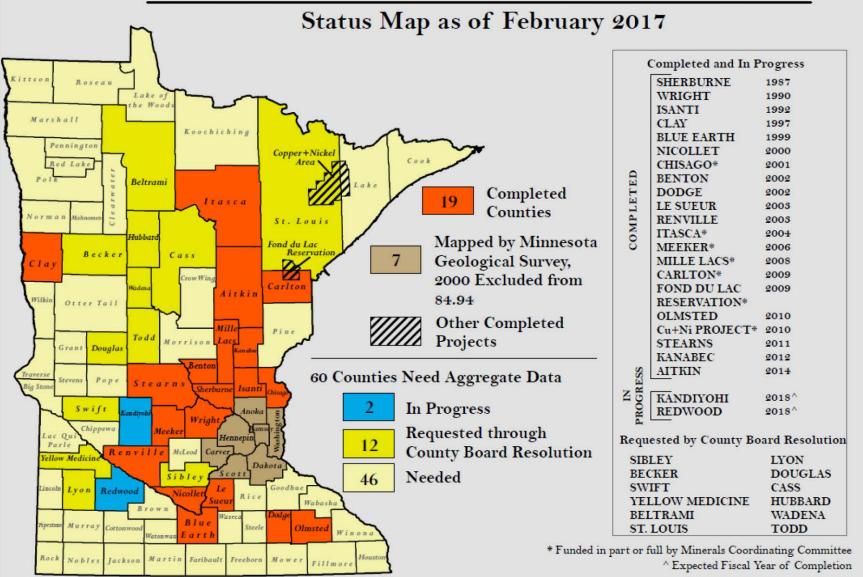
- Local governments have purview of administrating "reclamation" of non-metallic mineral resources (aggregate, dimension stone, silica sand, etc..).
- Reclamation in state statute refers to operation, permitting, blasting, etc...
- Minn. Stat. § 394.25.
- DNR serves local governments, public, and industry on many topics related to aggregate mining.
- Value of the DNR Aggregate Resource Mapping Program is that we serve our stakeholders: the technical expertise and platform to address regional and statewide issues as well as addressing the importance of accessing sand and gravel.

Status of Aggregate Mapping



- Completed 20 projects that mapped near regional population centers of Mankato, Rochester, and St. Cloud.
- To get mapped, we ask that counties pass a county board resolution requesting for the work to be completed.

Minnesota DNR Aggregate Resource Mapping Program

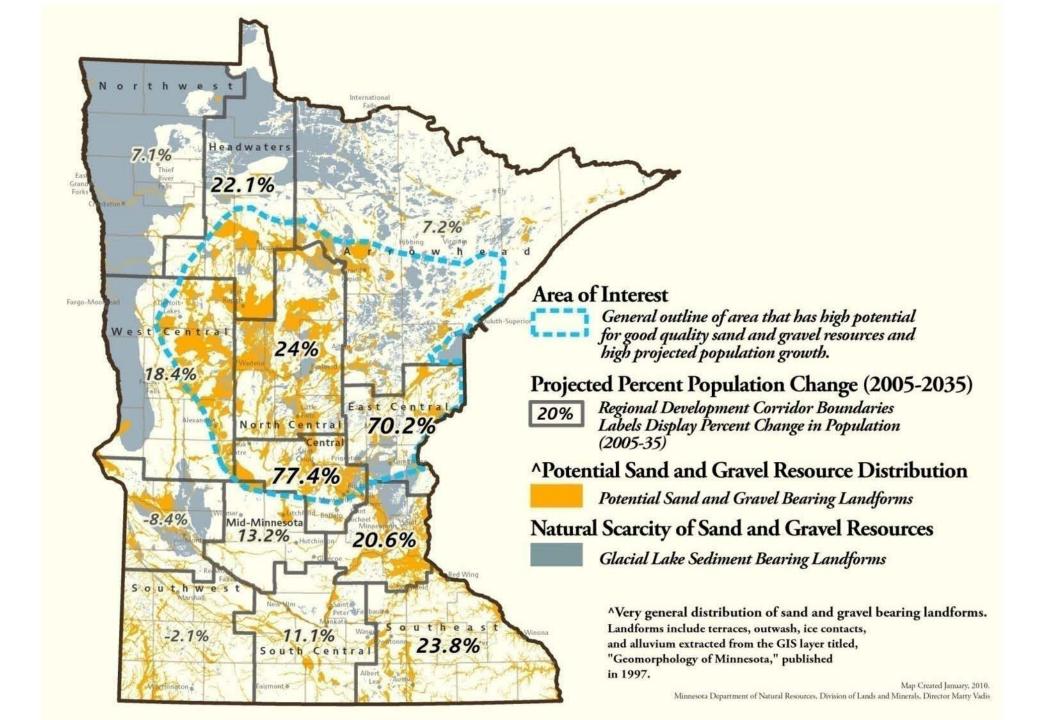


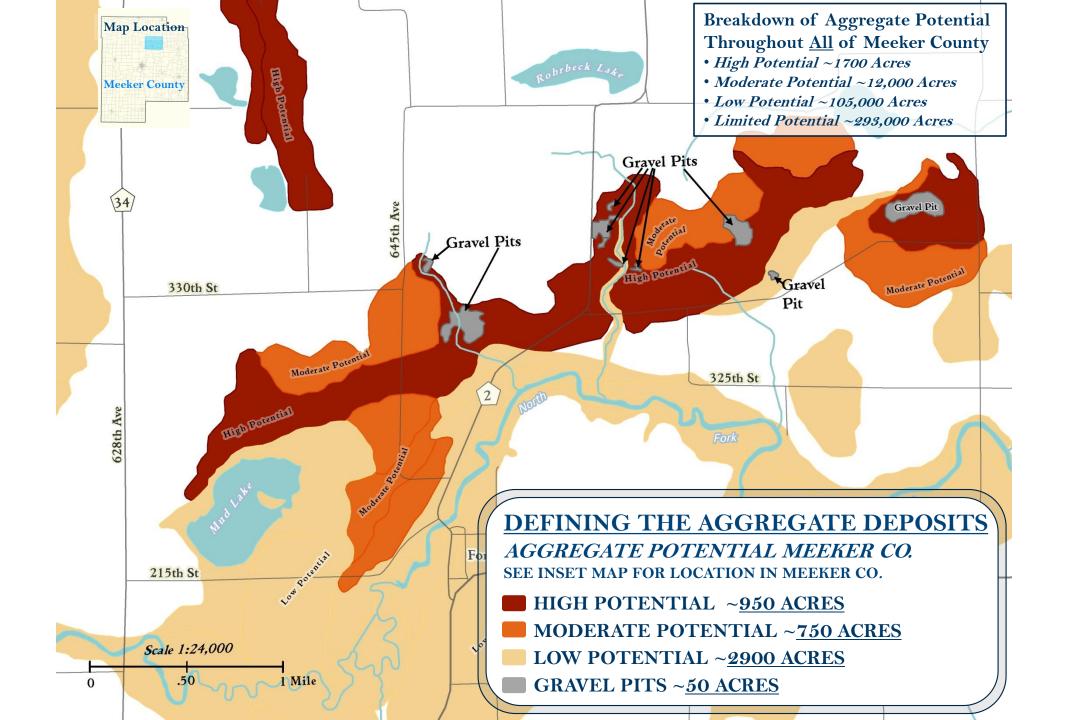
Map Updated February, 2017

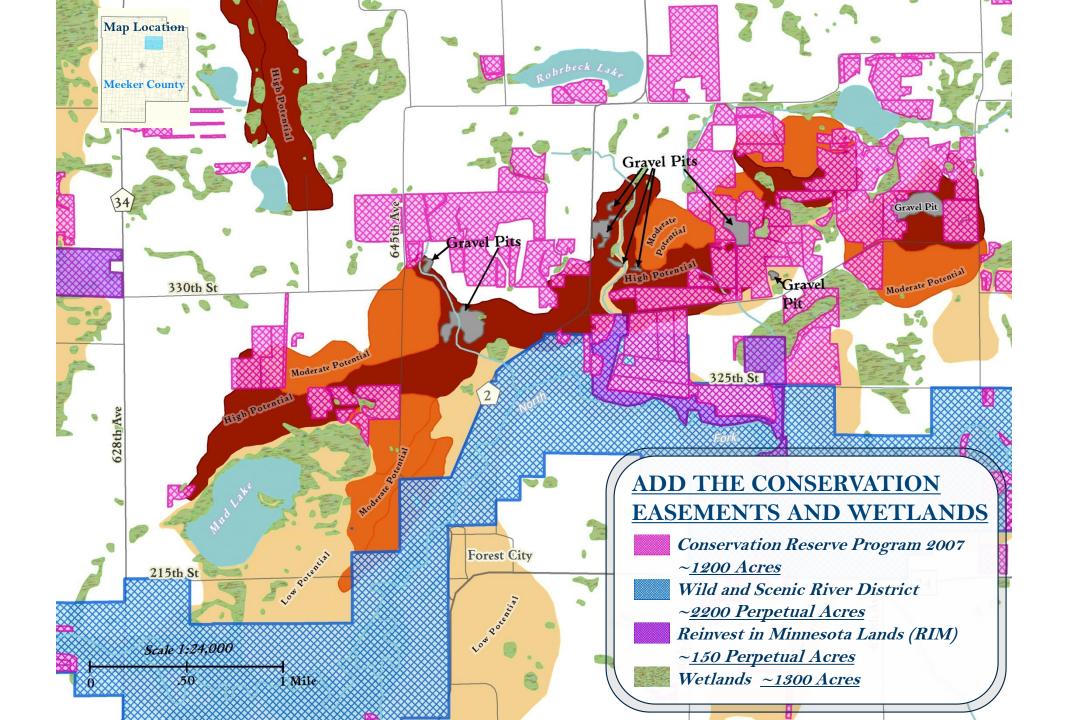
SAND AND GRAVEL

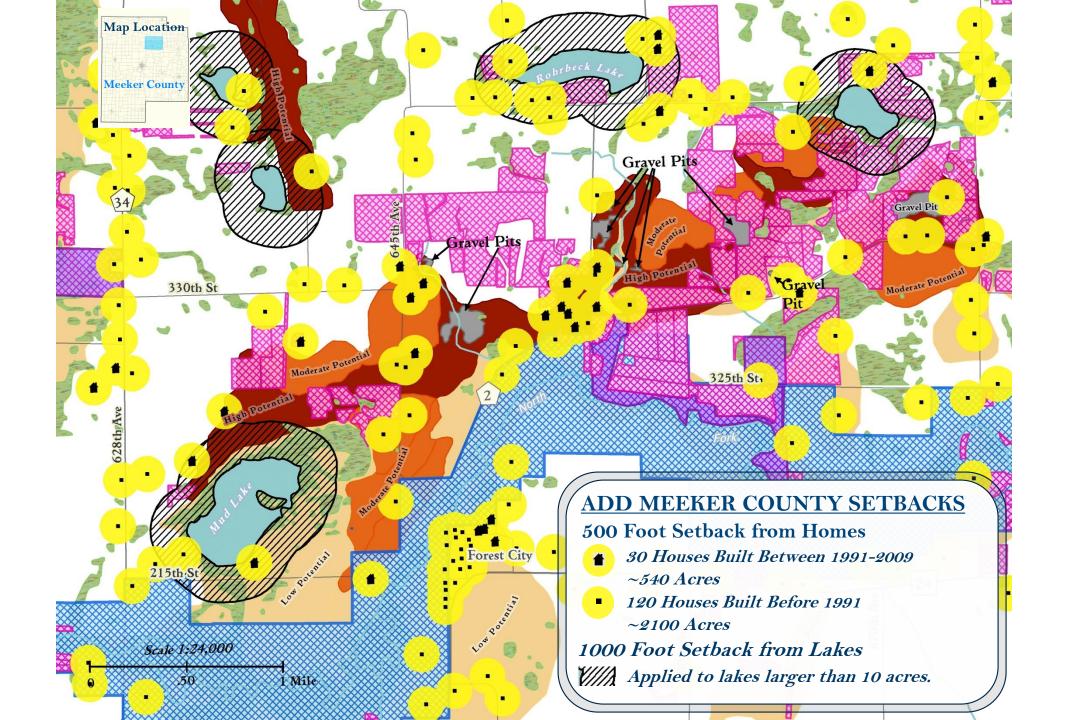
RESOURCES THAT BUILD TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

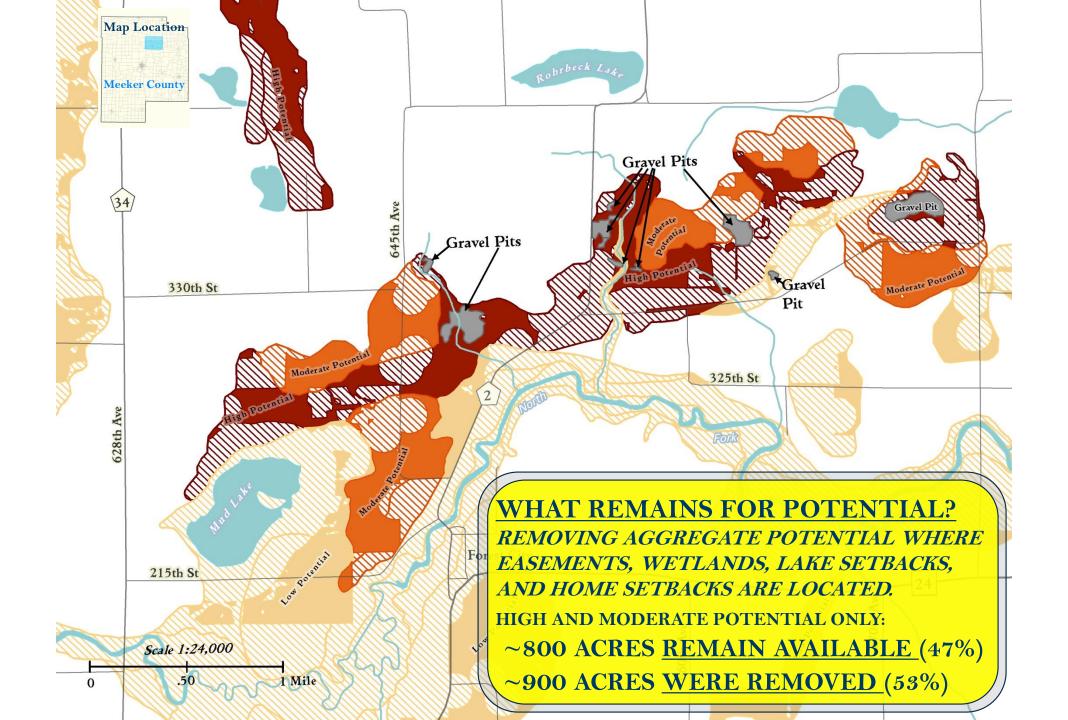










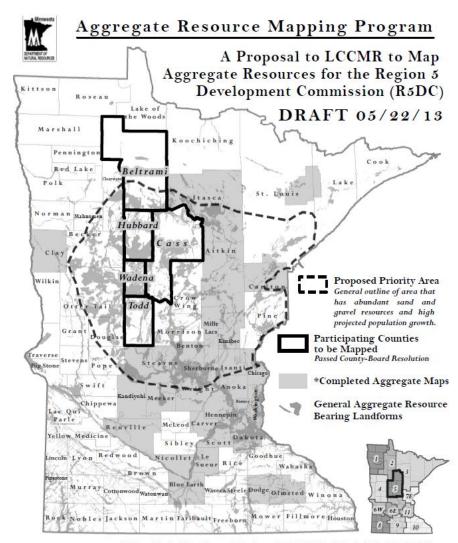




Funding Proposals

Recent funding proposals LCCMR:

- 2012 DNR Proposal
- 2013 Region 5 Development Commission Proposal
- 2016 Legislative Proposal



Funding

Have received funding through the Minnesota Minerals Coordinating Committee (MCC). Funding paid for all or a portion of the following projects:

•	2011	Portion	of	Lake	and	St.	Louis	Counties	
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• 2009 Carlton and Fond du Lac Reservation

2008 Mille Lacs County

2006 Meeker County

2005 Itasca County

2003 Renville County

2002 Dodge and Benton Counties

2001 Chisago County

2000 Nicollet

1999 Twin Cities Seven County

1999 Blue Earth County

Funding

 Partnered with MNDOT to receive funding, in-kind services for drilling, and materials testing.

• Currently, we are working with stakeholders on how to fund mapping for the <u>rest of the state within 10 years</u>.

What we know and don't know...

- The narrative on aggregates within the state comes from data that is 20 years old Minnesota's Aggregate Resources Road to the 21st Century (1998).
- This information came from the Ad Hoc Committee of the 2000 Aggregate Resource Task Force.
- Some of the narratives of 2000:
 - Twin Cities will run out of aggregates in 2020.
 - Consumption, number of producers, supply.
- We don't know what the current supply/demand issues are.



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